Listing of Claims:

1. (Original) A fluorescent reporter compound of the formula:

wherein

Z is a nucleotide;

L is a linker of sufficient length to connect the nucleotide derivative to the cyanine dye, such that the cyanine dye does not significantly interfere with the overall binding and recognition of the nucleotide derivative by a nucleic acid replication enzyme; and

Cy is a cyanine dye of the formula:

wherein

A and B are each independently the atoms necessary to form a cyanine nuclei;

R1 and R2 are each independently C1-C6 alkyl;

R₃ is hydrogen, or C₁-C₄ alkyl;

 R_4 and R_5 are each independently selected from the group consisting of H and SO: and

2. (Original) A compound according to Claim 1 wherein R4 and R5 are both SO5.

- 3. (Original) A compound according to Claim 1 wherein R_1 and R_2 are both $C_1\text{-}C_4$ alkyl.
- 4. (Original) A compound according to Claim 1 wherein R1 and R2 are identical.
- 5. (Original) A compound according to Claim 1 of the formula:

wherein

X is O, S, NR9, or CR9R10;

Ro and Rio are each independently H or Ci-C4 alkyl; and

Y is a diradical moiety having 3 to 20 atoms, at least three of which include an alkynyl group and one or more heteroatoms.

6. (Original) A compound according to Claim 1 of the formula:

wherein:

C and D represent ring structures with sufficient carbon atoms to make up a benzene or naphthalene ring; and

m is an integer from 1 to 6.

- 7. (Original) A compound according to Claim 6 wherein R4 and R5 are both SO3.
- 8. (Original) A compound according to Claim 6 wherein R_1 and R_2 are both C_1 - C_4 alkyl.
- 9. (Original) A compound according to Claim 8 wherein R1 and R2 are identical.
- 10. (Original) A compound according to Claim 1 of the formula:

11. (Original) A compound according to Claim 1 of the formula:

- 12. (Original) A compound according to Claim 1 having a fluorescence maxima greater than 750 nm as measured in an aqueous solution.
- 13. (Original) A fluorescent reporter compound of the formula:



wherein

Z is a nucleotide derivative:

L is a linker having a chain length of at least 8 atoms; and

Cy is a cyanine dye of the formula:

$$R_4$$
 R_1
 R_1
 R_3
 R_4
 R_3
 R_4
 R_5
 R_5
 R_6

wherein

A and B are each independently the atoms necessary to form a cyanine nuclei;

R1 and R2 are each independently C1-C6 alkyl;

R3 is hydrogen, or C1-C4 alkyl;

 $R_{^4} \ \text{and} \ R_{^5}$ are each independently selected from the group consisting of H and

SO3; and

14. (Original) A compound according to Claim 13 of the formula:

wherein:

C and D represent ring structures with sufficient carbon atoms to make up a benzene or naphthalene ring; and

m is an integer between and including 1-6.

- 15. (Original) A compound according to Claim 13 having a fluorescence maxima greater than 750 nm as measured in an aqueous solution.
- 16. (Withdrawn) A method of nucleic acid sequence analysis comprising:

reacting a fluorescent reporter labeled compound according to Claim 1 with a first nucleic acid sequence to produce a second nucleic acid sequence labeled with the fluorescent reporter-labeled compound; and

detecting the reporter on the second nucleic acid sequence.

 (Withdrawn) A method for determining the base sequence of DNA comprising: providing a mixture of fluorescent reporter labeled compounds according to Claim 1 corresponding to each of the four DNA bases;

reacting a DNA template with a replication enzyme, a mixture of DNA nucleotides, and the mixture of fluorescent reporter-labeled compounds;

producing DNA fragments having a fluorescent reporter-labeled compound covalently attached to the 3'-terminal residue of each DNA fragment;

separating the fluorescent reporter-labeled DNA fragments; and detecting the reporter for each separated fluorescent reporter-labeled DNA fragment thereby identifying the DNA sequence.

18. (Original) A compound of the formula:

wherein

A and B are each independently the atoms necessary to form a cyanine nuclei;

X is O, S, NR9, or CR9R10;

R1 and R2 are each independently C1-C6 alkyl;

R3 is hydrogen, or C1-C4 alkyl;

 R_4 and R_5 are each independently selected from the group consisting of H and SO_5 , provided that at least one of R_4 and R_5 is SO_5 ;

Ro and Rio are each independently H or C1-C4 alkyl;

p is an integer between and including 2-8; and

n is an integer between and including 2-4.

- 19. (Original) A compound according to Claim 18 wherein R4 and R5 are both SO37.
- 20. (Original) A compound according to Claim 18 wherein R_1 and R_2 are both $C_1\text{-}C_4$ alkyl.
- 21. (Original) A compound according to Claim 18 wherein R1 and R2 are identical.
- 22. (Original) A compound according to Claim 18 of the formula:

$$\begin{array}{c} NCS \\ (CH_2)p \\ \hline \\ O_3S \\ \hline \\ R_1 \\ \end{array}$$

23. (Previously presented) A compound according to Claim 18 of the formula:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{NCS} \\ \text{(CH2)p} \\ \\ \text{NCS} \\ \text{(CH2)p} \\ \\ \text{R}_1 \\ \\ \text{R}_2 \\ \end{array}$$